



CO-VERSATILE

Sustainable Development Goals (focus on Goal 5 – UN-SDGs #5: Gender equality)

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WP6



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

1  **No Poverty**

Libraries helping communities
United Nations Sustainable Goals in the times of COVID-19
created by the ALA Task Force on United Nations 2030 Sustainable Development Goals

3  **Good Health and Well-Being**

Developing guides to understand COVID-19, how to stay safe & healthy.

4  **Quality Education**

Providing access to eLearning to help students with homework.

5  **Gender Equality**

Livestreaming events to empower women and teach them how to achieve goals.

8  **Decent Work and Economic Growth**

9  **Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure**

Advocating for Open Access for Eresources to help researchers and students studying from home.

10  **Reduced Inequalities**

Making available resources to learn languages and new skills from home.

13  **Climate Action**

Moving reference services and library instruction to innovative online spaces.

14  **Life Below Water**

15  **Life on Land**

The new global [Sustainable Development Goals](#) were officially adopted by the UN General Assembly at the Summit on Sustainability in New York in September 2015.

With these goals, SDGs or Global Goals for short, the international community is looking to eradicate poverty, advance women's equality, improve health care and take action against climate change by the end of 2030.

This so-called 2030 Agenda follows on from the previous UN Millennium Development Goals.

The new Global Goals comprise 17 basic development goals, divided into 169 targets.

16  **Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions**

Offering free access to information to dispel misinformation about the virus.

17  **Partnerships for the Goals**

Partnering with public & private agencies to provide services.



INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT
Building partnerships for change in developing countries

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POLICY

- European development policy
 - European consensus on development
 - The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
 - The Sustainable Development Goals**
 - The ACP-EU Partnership after 2020
 - Policy Analysis
 - Agenda for Change
- Policy coherence for development
- The EU approach to aid

The Sustainable Development Goals

At the Rio+20 Conference, Member States decided to launch a process to develop a set of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), which were to build upon the Millennium Development Goals and converge with the post 2015 development agenda.

On 25 September 2015, the United Nations General Assembly formally adopted the universal, integrated and transformative **2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development**, along with a set of **17 Sustainable Development Goals** and **169 associated targets**.

The adoption of the 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) represent a change of paradigm of the international policies in development cooperation. **The EU has committed to implement the SDGs both in its internal and external policies.**

USEFUL LINKS

- Sustainable Development Goals

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

- 1 NO POVERTY
- 2 ZERO HUNGER
- 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING
- 4 QUALITY EDUCATION
- 5 GENDER EQUALITY
- 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

The Page of the Commission in 2017



International Partnerships

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Sustainable Development Goals

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) were set in 2015 by the international community as part of the [UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development](#) through which countries of the world collectively pledged to eradicate poverty, find sustainable and inclusive development solutions, ensure everyone's human rights, and generally make sure that no one is left behind by 2030.

The EU made a positive and constructive contribution to the development of the 2030 Agenda. We are committed to implement the SDGs in all our policies and encourage EU countries in doing the same.

17 SDGs have been defined, with 169 associated targets, to be reached by 2030. They address the global challenges the world faces and tackle all dimensions of sustainable development, in a balanced and integrated manner.



**The Page of the
Commission in 2017**

Direct impact

5 GENDER EQUALITY



Goal 5:

Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

The 5th Sustainable Development Goal (SDG5) aims at eliminating all forms of gender-based discrimination and violence everywhere in the world by 2030, and guaranteeing all women and girls equal opportunities and rights to empower them to be full members of society.

Correlations with Co-Versatile



Indirect impact

Goal 3:
Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Ensuring healthy lives and promoting well-being at all ages is essential to sustainable development. Currently, the world is facing a global health crisis unlike any other

COVID-19 is spreading human suffering, destabilizing the global economy and upending the lives of billions of people around the globe.

Correlations with Co-Versatile



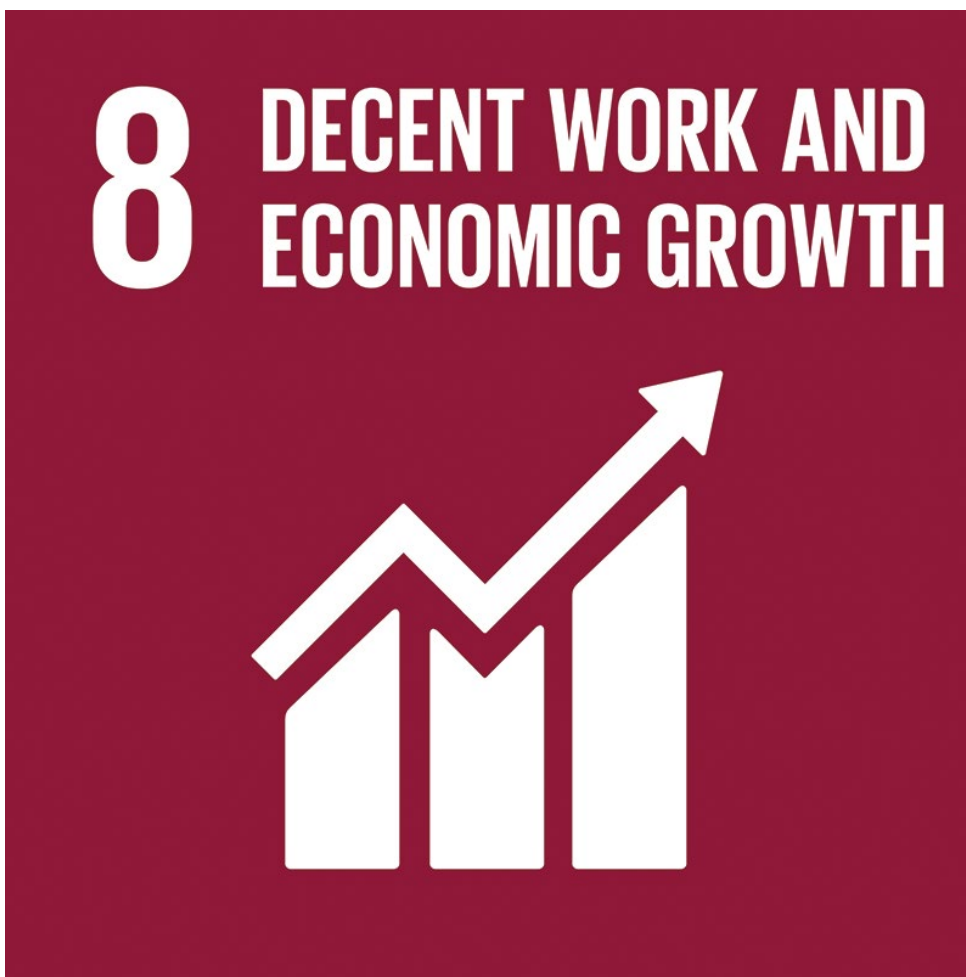
Indirect impact

Goal 4: Quality Education

Although this goal is aimed specifically at children, the role of education remains relevant at any stage and age of life.

VRT as a meaning of it (role process)
WP4 Training

Correlations with Co-Versatile



Indirect impact

Goal 8:

Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment and decent work for all

supporting investment, entrepreneurship, and innovation to boost job creation

Strengthen local stability

Strengthen local production in order to guarantee people's employability

Strengthen the rapid production delocalizing from China to Europe

The UN Secretary-General has stressed that the recovery from the COVID-19 crisis must lead to a different economy. Beyond the immediate crisis response, the pandemic should be the impetus to sustain the gains and accelerate implementation of long-overdue measures to set the world on a more sustainable development path and make the global economy more resilient to future shocks.

Correlations with Co-Versatile



Direct impact

Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all

Rapid reconfigurable production process chains

Inclusive and sustainable industrialization, together with innovation and infrastructure, can unleash dynamic and competitive economic forces that generate employment and income. They play a key role in introducing and promoting new technologies, facilitating international trade and enabling the efficient use of resources.

Correlations with Co-Versatile



Indirect impact

Goal 10:
Reduce inequality within and among countries

Reducing inequalities and ensuring no one is left behind are integral to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals.

Social inequality
Environmental inequality

All these forms of inequality can be measured both within and between groups, within and among countries

Correlations with Co-Versatile



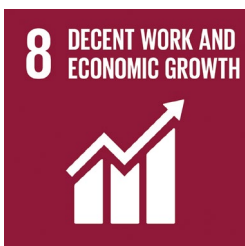
Indirect impact

Goal 11:
Make cities inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Better protection (protection level is higher)

Given their concentration of people, cities are particularly vulnerable to climate change and disasters, which is why we also help them build their resilience to minimise potential human and economic losses from future shocks.

Co-Versatile - Correlations to 7 UN-SDGs



Focus on Goal 5



Focus on Goal 5 – UN-SDGs #5: Gender equality



Direct impact: Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Target 5.5: Ensure full participation in leadership and decision-making

UN definition: Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life.

Target 5.A: Equal rights to economic resources, property ownership and financial services

UN definition: Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws.

Target 5.B: Promote empowerment of women through technology

UN definition: Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women.

5.C Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels

Focus on Goal 5 – UN-SDGs #5: Gender equality



Possible contribution

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic could reverse the limited progress that has been made on gender equality and women's rights.

Women play a disproportionate role in responding to the virus, including as frontline healthcare workers and carers at home.

Women's care work has increased significantly as a result of school closures and the increased needs of older people.

Every COVID-19 response plans, and every recovery package and budgeting of resources, needs to address the gender impacts of this pandemic. This means: (1) including women and women's organizations in COVID-19 response planning and decision-making; (2) transforming the inequities of unpaid care work into a new, inclusive care economy that works for everyone; and (3) designing socio-economic plans with an intentional focus on the lives and futures of women and girls.

UN-SDGs #5: the possible contribution of CO-Versatile



Therefore, **CO-VERSATILE** has included a specific task (task 6.4 Ethics Monitoring) that will

- Encourage partners to implement long-term institutional change by adopting Gender Equality Plans and measures outlined in GEAR ([Gender Equality in Academics and Research](#)); thus, increasing the participation of women in digitisation of manufacturing research or technical careers.
- Consider gender issues within all management and recruitment processes to boost the involvement of women. This includes:
 - (i) Ensuring that all data will be sex- and gender-disaggregated, and indirect effects of the pandemic on gender equality should also be considered;
 - (ii) Ensuring that women are given equal rights to economic resources, in accordance with national laws;
 - (iii) Enhancing the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women, and
 - (iv) Attention should be paid to critical social factors intersecting with sex/gender, such as age, social origin, ethnicity/migration, and disability.

CO-Versatile and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Two dossiers

17 "Global Goals" with 169 targets between them.

The new global [Sustainable Development Goals](#) were officially adopted by the UN General Assembly at the Summit on Sustainability in New York in September 2015. With these goals, SDGs or Global Goals for short, the international community is looking to eradicate poverty, advance women's equality, improve health care and take action against climate change by the end of 2030. This so-called 2030 Agenda follows on from the previous UN Millennium Development Goals.

The new Global Goals comprise 17 basic development goals, divided into 169 targets. A foremost concern is to put an end to extreme poverty 'in all its forms everywhere'. According to the World Bank, it afflicts some 800 million people, who must live on less than US\$ 1.9 a day.

The new goals have been enlarged in scope to apply to all nations of the world. They provide a frame of reference for sustainable economic, environmental and social development and call on all countries to make sustainable use of resources, set responsible social standards or curb the emission of gases that are harmful to the climate. Their implementation is voluntary and each government can decide itself on the measures to achieve the goals, but their success will be regularly monitored applying firm criteria.

Development cooperation remains an important part of the strategy for the eradication of poverty worldwide. The Global Goals underline, however, that development is a whole-of-government and whole-of-society task. To achieve them, everyone must act in concert.

SDG	Goal	Facts and Figures	Correlation with Co-Versatile
	Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/poverty/ 1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions 1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable 1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to	- Globally, the number of people living in extreme poverty declined from 36 per cent in 1990. - According to the most recent estimates, in 2015, 10 percent of the world's population or 734 million people lived on less than \$1.90 a day. - Southern Asia and sub-Saharan Africa are expected to see the largest increases in extreme poverty, with an additional 32 million and 26 million people, respectively, living below the international poverty line as a result of the pandemic. - The share of the world's workers living in extreme poverty fell by half over the last decade: from 14.3 per cent in 2010 to 7.1 per cent in 2019. - Even before COVID-19, baseline projections suggested that 6 per cent of the global population would still be living in extreme poverty in 2030, missing the target of ending poverty. The fallout from the pandemic threatens to push over 70 million people into extreme poverty.	No direct impact



The economic model



CO-VERSATILE

Doughnut economics: The Doughnut, or Doughnut economics, is a visual framework for sustainable development – shaped like a doughnut or lifebelt – combining the concept of planetary boundaries with the complementary concept of social boundaries. The name derives from the shape of the diagram, i.e. a disc with a hole in the middle.

The hole at the Doughnut's centre reveals the proportion of people worldwide falling short on life's essentials, such as food, water, healthcare and political freedom of expression – and a big part of humanity's challenge is to get everyone out of that hole. At the same time, however, we cannot afford to be overshooting the Doughnut's outer crust if we are to safeguard Earth's life-giving systems, such as a stable climate, healthy oceans and a protective ozone layer, on which all our wellbeing fundamentally depends. The main goal of the new model is to re-frame economic problems and set new goals. In this model, an economy is considered prosperous when all twelve social foundations are met without overshooting any of the nine ecological ceilings. This situation is represented by the area between the two rings, considered by its creator as the safe and just space for humanity.

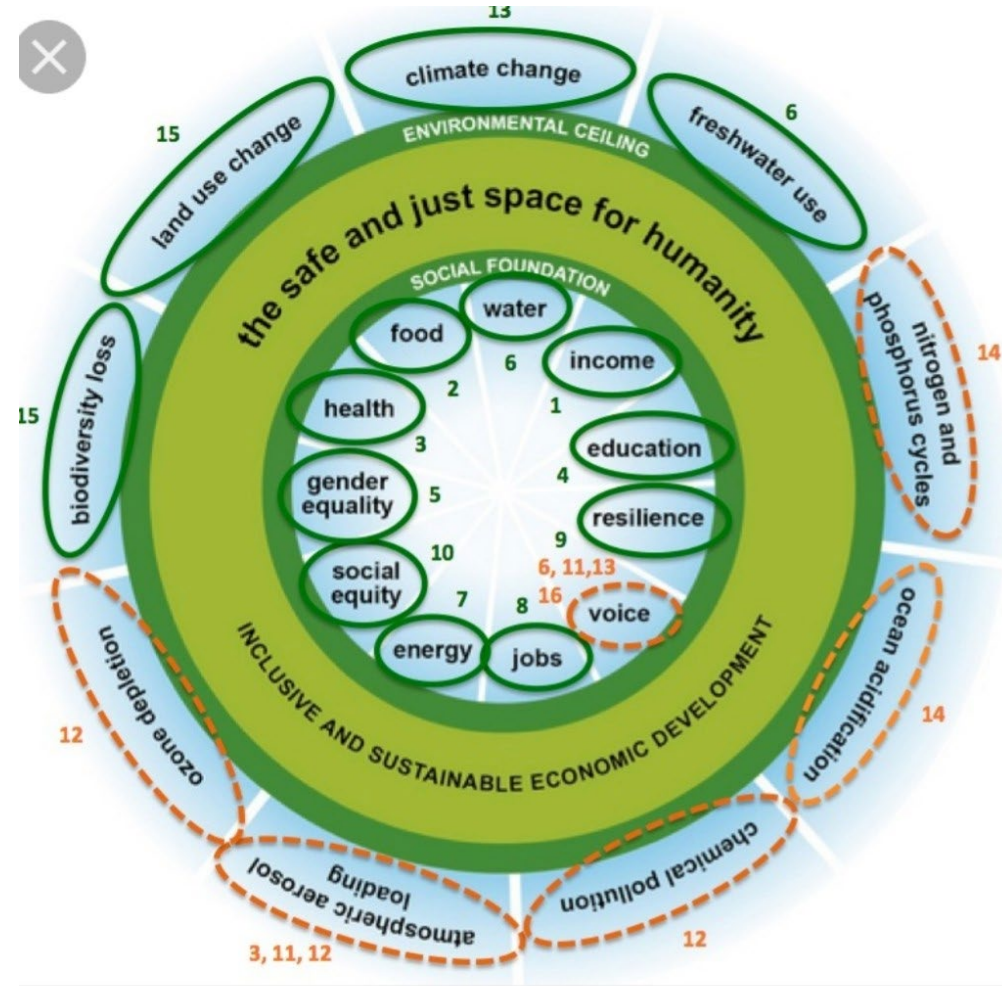
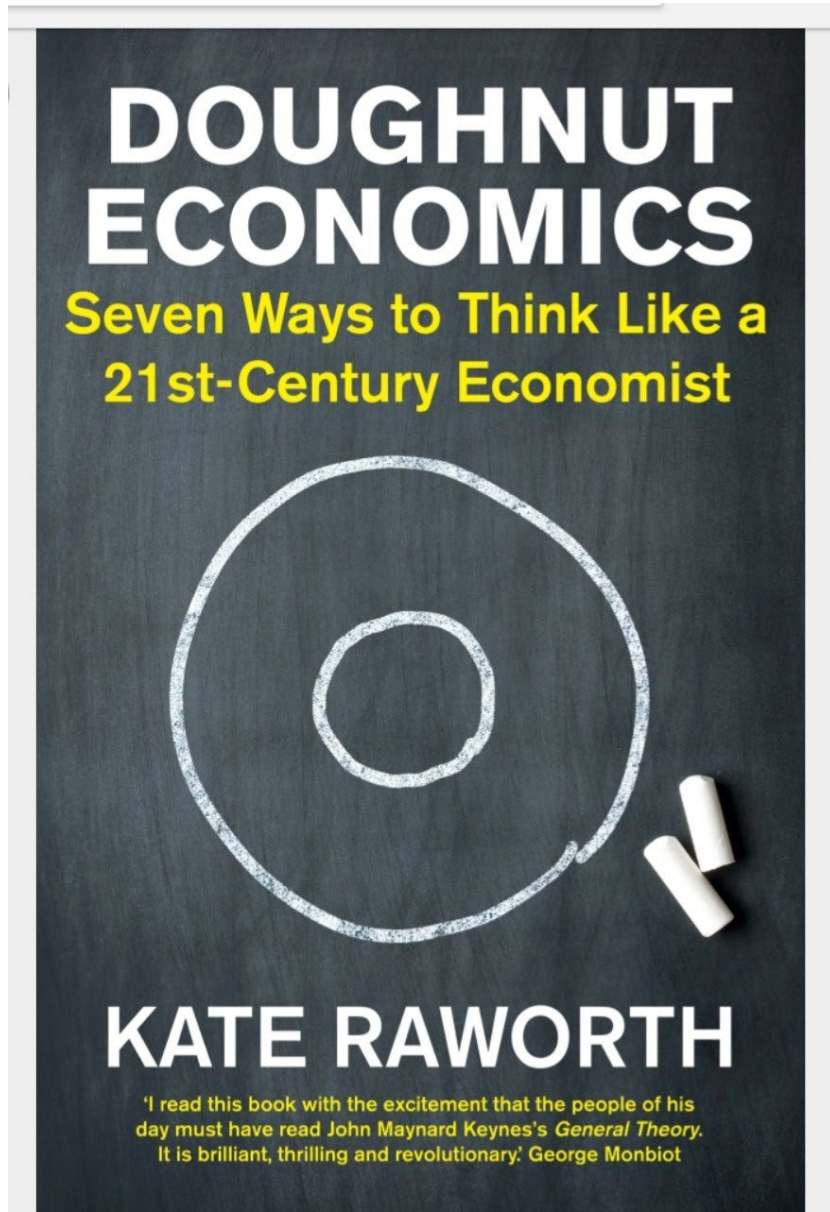
The diagram was developed by University of Oxford economist Kate Raworth in her 2012 Oxfam paper A Safe and Just Space for Humanity and elaborated upon in her 2017 book Doughnut Economics: Seven Ways to Think Like a 21st-Century Economist.

The Doughnut Model, SDGs, ESG factors and SDG entry points - A mapping experiment

<https://www.sscript.media/2021/02/17/doughnut-model-sdg-esg-mapping/>

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Doughnut Economics: Seven Ways to Think Like a 21st-Century Economist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Doughnut_Economics:_Seven_Ways_to_Think_Like_a_21st-Century_Economist)





<https://www.kateraworth.com/doughnut/>



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Thank you for your interest!

